Tele-consultative Service for Renal Palliative Care patients —A pilot study in Queen Elizabeth Hospital

HA convention
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Background

✓ In-patient care and consultative service

✓ One-stop Renal palliative care out-patient clinic (Dr +nurse + PT+ MSW joint clinic)

✓ Nurse led RPC clinic

Non-cancer Renal Palliative care service in QEH

X Home care service (Dr or nurse home visit)

How to support frail pts in community?

✓ Hotline service

Introduction

- A pilot tele-consultative service was launched in QEH starting from October 2014 for patients receiving renal palliative care (RPC)
- A new approach for patient assessment by renal physician via audio-visual tele-communication devices
- Enables renal physician to assess those frail RPC patients who are unable to attend scheduled RPC clinic due to poor general health and limited mobility
- Clinical conditions of patients are assessed via audio-visual teleapplications at home and appropriate treatment can then be provided to optimize symptom control
- We also monitor the treatment progress after medical intervention
- Such practice can reduce patient's need to travel to hospital for clinical consultation and reduce the demand of Non-Emergency Ambulance Transportation (NEAT) services

Logistics flow of tele-consultative service

Patient's relatives come back to clinic:

- 1. Borrow tele-device and sign the loan form
- 2. Sign consent for tele-consultative service

Patient's relatives pay consultative fee at Account office

Patient's relatives inform renal palliative care team via hotline when they arrive home

Patient's relatives and renal physician turn on tele-device simultaneously for tele-consultative service

Medications titrated according to patient's symptoms and blood results (taken by community nurse service ~1week before follow up)

After tele-consultation, patient's relatives return the tele-device to clinic on the same day and collect the prescription sheet together with next follow-up appointment

Patient assessment by renal physician via audiovisual tele-communication devices



Objectives

- The aim of this study is to evaluate the effectiveness of the tele-consultative service:
 - Symptom control
 - Patient management
 - Patients/caregivers satisfaction of the service

Methodology

 A cross-sectional self-administered 5-scales rating questionnaire survey was conducted

伊利沙伯醫院 - 腎科紓緩治療組「視像診療」服務意見調查

我們誠邀閣下對腎科紓緩治療組之「視像診療」服務給予寶貴意見,本意見書的內容會絕對保密。 請在適當的格內加上√號。

問題:		非常不同意 >>> 非常同意				
		1	2	3	4	5
1	「視像診療」可減少體弱病者往返醫院的不便。					
2	「視像診療」可減輕家屬陪同病者往返醫院的壓力。					
3	「視像診療」可提升病者的生活質素。					
4	「視像診療」能有效幫助醫護人員評估病者徵狀。					
5	「視像診療」能讓醫護人員為病者提供有效的醫療方案。					
6	「視像診療」能讓病者及家屬清楚及明白醫療方案。					
7	我對腎科紓緩治療組的服務(態度)滿意。					
8	我對腎科紓緩治療組之「視像診療」服務(整體)感到滿意。					

其他意見:			

□ 家屬

□ 病人

Results

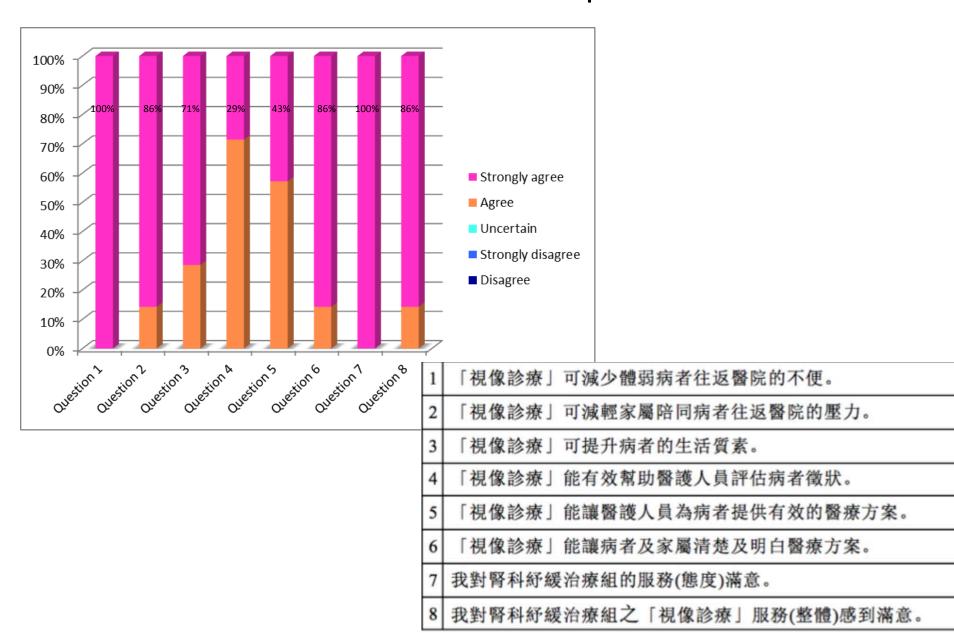
- Total 15 sessions of tele-consultative service for 7 patients was conducted.
- The questionnaire response rate was 100%

Baseline demographic and clinical variables

Total no. of patient(N)	7				
Age (Mean ± SD)	83.5 ± 6.9				
Gender					
Male, N (%)	4(57.1)				
Female, N (%)	3(42.9)				
Modified Charlson comorbidity index	9.4 ±1.9				
Palliative Performance Scale (%), Median (range)	60 (30-70)				
Biochemical parameters at First session of tele-consultative service					
Haemogobulin (g/dL)	9.2 ± 1.1				
Urea (mmol/L)	27.9 ± 8.9				
Creatinine (μmol/L)	536 ± 289				
Estimated Glomerular Filtration Rate (ml/min/1.73m ²)	10 ± 4.3				
Albumin (g/L)	32 ± 5				

Value expressed as mean ± SD or number (percentages)

Result of Tele-consultation questionnaire



Conclusion

- Tele-consultation offers an innovative and effective care delivery service to support home based patients in the community, particularly those who had difficulty to come back to clinic for follow-up
- It can relieve the stress and contribute to the patients' and families' serenity