

# What Does Science Say about Performance-based Pay

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**IDEAS**  
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# Agenda

1. Performance-based Pay: *Popular and Polarizing*
2. *The science of performance-based pay:*
  - *3 Stylized Facts*

# Performance-based Pay: Popular

## EXAMPLES

- > Almost all U.S. companies say they “pay-for-performance”
- > 2/3 of workers in Asia-Pacific region say that performance-based pay would “motivate them to perform more productively.”
- > Large-scale migrations to pay-for-performance in certain countries and territories
  - e.g., Finland, Hong Kong
- > Support from surprising sources
  - e.g., Deng Xiaoping’s 1979 visit to the U.S.

# Performance-based Pay: Polarizing

## EXAMPLES

- > Heated debate in certain sectors of U.S. economy
  - Federal government, public school teachers
- > Best-selling authors and speakers
  - Daniel Pink's "*The Puzzle of Motivation*"
    - Nearly 13 million views on TED, subtitles available in 41 languages

# Fact 1

**THERE IS A PAY-FOR-PERFORMANCE “SWEET SPOT”**



# Fact 1

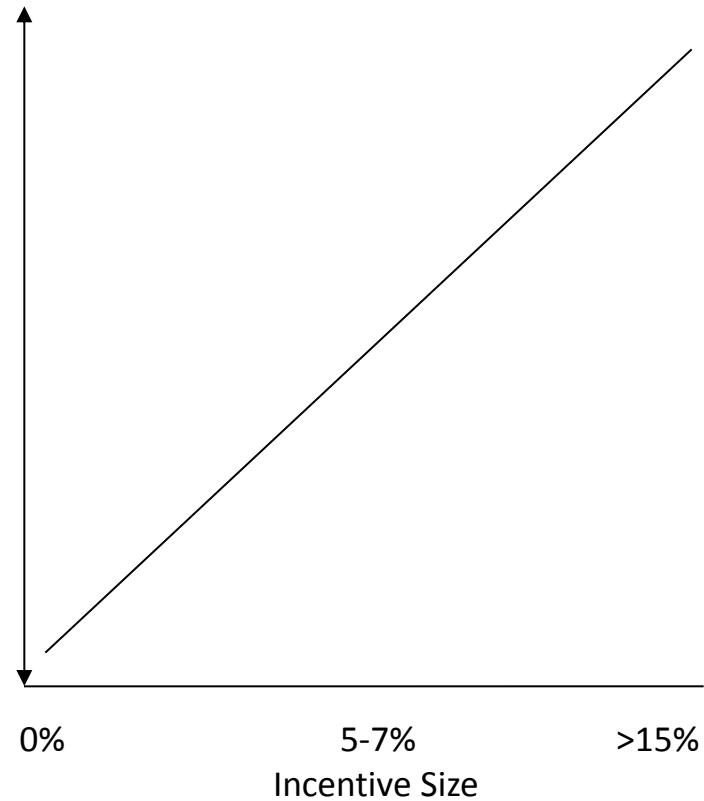
*General assumption is that incentive size is positively related to reactions*

**EFFORT**

More Effort

No Reaction

Less Effort



# Fact 1

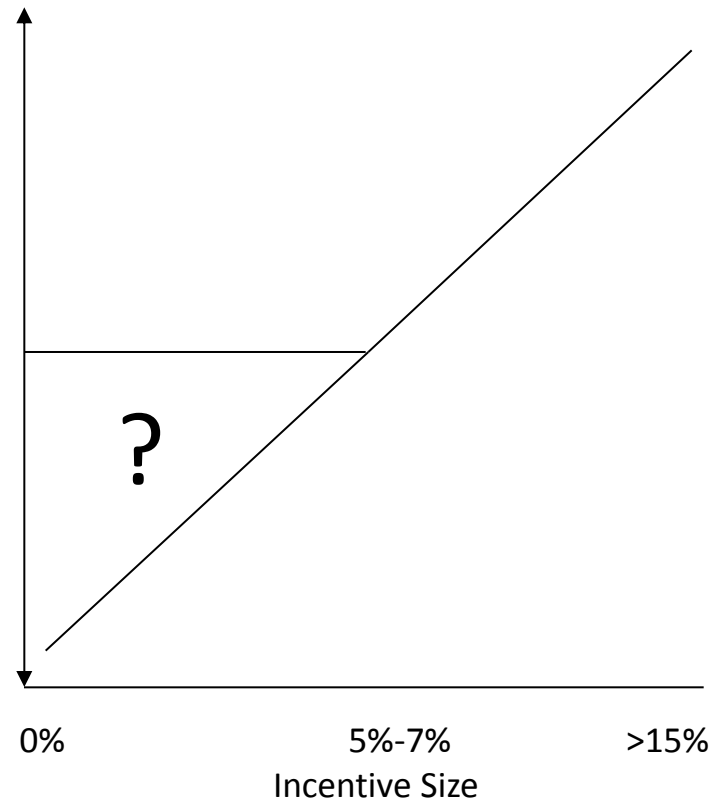
*But, apathetic (rather than negative) reactions are more common at low incentive levels*

**EFFORT**

More Effort

No Reaction

Less Effort



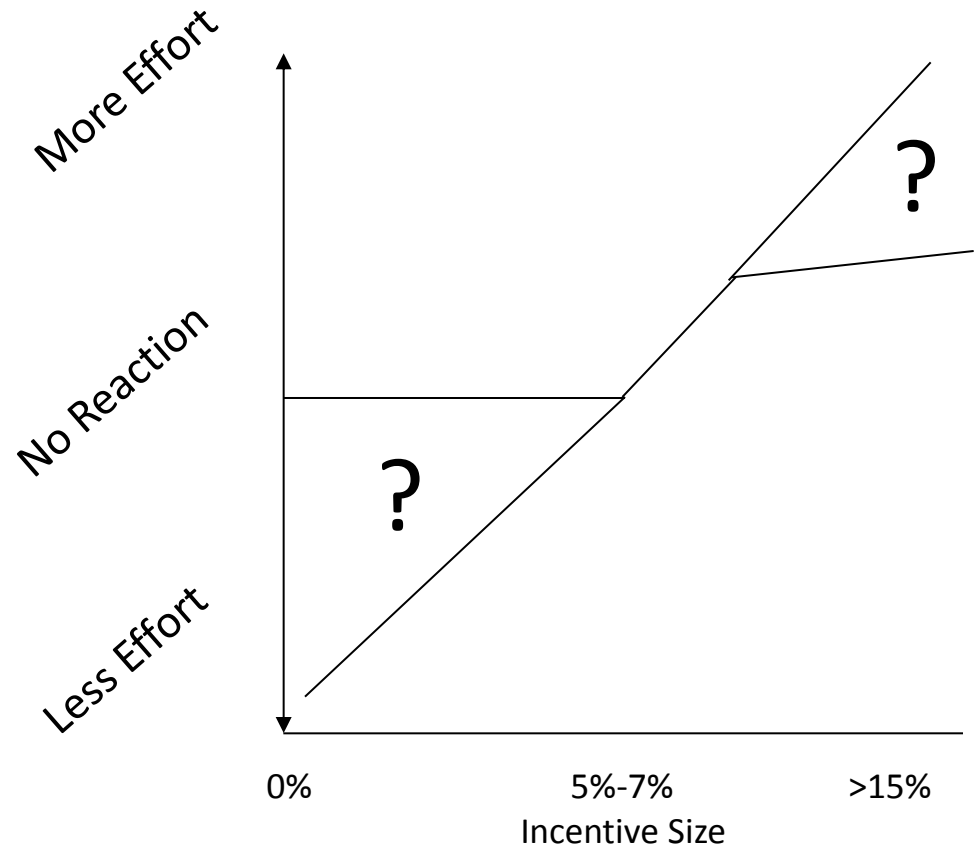
***A 5%-7% threshold is typically evident***

# Fact 3

*General assumption is that larger incentives will yield increasingly positive reactions*

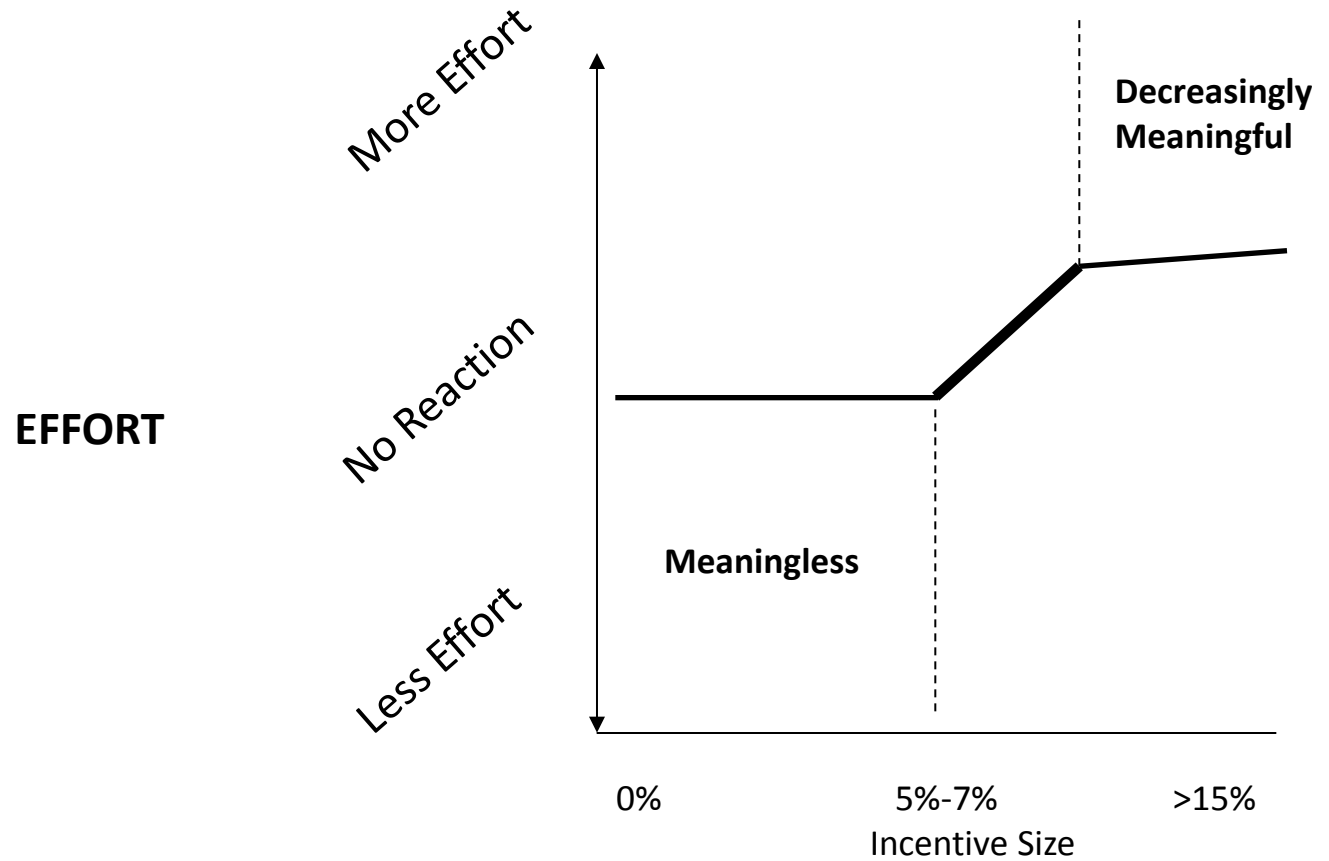
**EFFORT**

*The relationship weakens as incentive levels rise.*





# Fact 1



## Fact 2

**MANAGE EXPECTATIONS; AVOID  
SURPRISES**

## Fact 2

When we have “NO CONTROL”

### *Under-met Expectations*

- > Surprise is “muted”
  - “what can you do?”
  
- > Reactions
  - *ambivalence*
  - *mild disappointment*

### *Over-met Expectations*

- > Very surprising
  - *lottery, long-shot*
  
- > Reactions
  - *exceptional*
  - *super lucky*
  - *euphoric*

## Fact 2

When we have “CONTROL”

### *Under-met Expectations*

- > Very surprising
  - *a non-normal event*
  
- > Reactions
  - *despair, disgust*
  - *anger, anxiety*

### *Over-met Expectations*

- > Surprise is “muted”
  - *“I had it coming”*
  
- > Reactions
  - *pleasant*
  - *“it’s a ‘relief’”*

## Fact 3

**JUSTICE REIGNS SUPREME!!**

## Fact 3

- > Justice is critical
- > Perhaps the most important challenge
- > Justice perceptions are the strongest predictor of system success



# Fact 3

## >Leventhal's Procedural Justice Rules

- *Consistency* – are decisions constant across persons and time?
- *Accuracy* – are decisions based on relevant information?
- *Correctability* – are there ways for decisions to be challenged?
- *Representativeness* – are the views of all are heard and included?

# The Science of Performance-based Pay

## 3 Facts

Performance-based pay . . .

1. . . .works best within a range 5%-15%
2. . . . works best when employee expectations are met
3. . . .is facilitated effectively by procedural justice

# WHAT IS *IMPACT*?

> Investigating **M**erit **P**ay **A**cross **C**ountries and **T**erritories

- A global study of employee reactions to *merit pay*\*

\*increases to base pay tied to a measure of performance

- the *GLOBE* of rewards research?
- more than 50 countries and territories currently involved
- more than 60 researchers (local-country research partners) currently involved

# WHAT IS *IMPACT*? – Questions and Goals

Do minimum thresholds and pay reactions vary across countries?

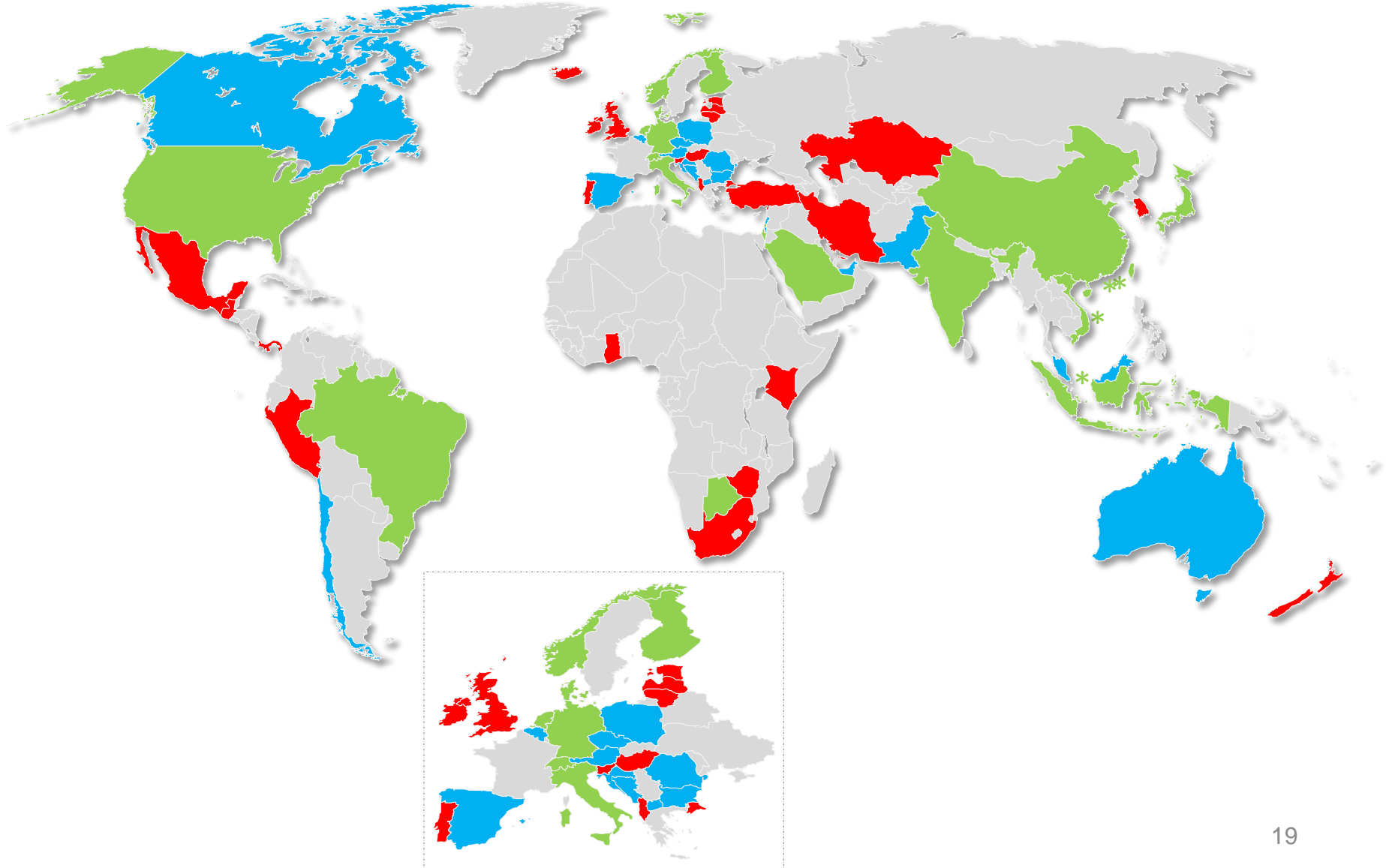
How do increases relate to immediate effort and “attitude” changes?

Establish national, cross-nation, and regional benchmarks

Provide company-specific, nation-level, and international feedback

# HOW IS IT GOING?

(DATA COLLECTED OR SCHEDULED, PROGRESS BEING MADE, PARTNER BUT LITTLE PROGRESS)



# HONG KONG NEEDED!!

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# QUESTIONS?