Introduction
Inhalation therapy which is commonly used for patients with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD), asthma and other lung conditions, to relieve symptoms and prevent exacerbation. According to NATIONAL ASTHMA COUNCIL AUSTRALIA (2008), a large proportion of patients prescribed inhaled medications do not use their inhalers correctly. Education on inhalations technique is essential for enhances effectiveness of inhalation medications. Nurses are played an important role on education to patient, relatives and career to make know how as well.

Objectives
1. To equip new graduated nurses with knowledge and technique on inhalation therapy
2. To standardize the techniques of inhalation medications among new graduated nurses
3. To enhance the competency of new graduated nurses in providing health education related to inhalation therapy

Methodology
The educational program for nursing staff was conducted, 20 nurses with less than 2-years clinical experiences were recruited from different specialties in Haven of Hope hospital. Knowledge in different inhalational therapy of participants were assessed by the pre- and post-questionnaires.

Result
Results: The overall rate of adequate knowledge on using different inhalation devices is from 79.2% of pre-test to 97.3% of post-test. Before the lecture, 20.8% of nurses are not familiar with proper inhalation techniques. Their inhalation techniques are significantly improved after the lecture up to 97.3%. A significant improvement of
knowledge in inhalational technique is 18.1%. Table 1. Evaluation on inhalation devices technique of newly graduated nurse Devices Pre-assessment(%) Post assessment(%) Improvement(%) (Post – Pre) MDI 92.2% 98.75% 6.55% Handihaler 87.5% 97.5% 10% Turbuhaler 66% 96% 30% Respimat 71% 97% 26% Overall 79.2% 97.3% 18.1% Conclusions: The education program was significant to enhance inhalation therapy of newly graduated nurses to perform proper inhaler use, strengthening knowledge, attitude and practices among nurses to provide education for patients.