Introduction
Nutrition is one of essential aspect for all patients admitted to the hospital. It is common for surgical patients especially gastrointestinal related diseases suffer from transit or prolong gastrointestinal dysfunction. Clinical outcomes of malnutrition in surgical patients include decrease in body weight/ BMI, increased risk in wound failure, increase risk of complications etc resulting in increased the length of stay( day) and increase in mortality. Therefore parental nutrition is necessary for those who are unable to tolerate enteral nutrition till bowel function returns. In addition, the enteral supplement can help those tolerate oral feeding to prevent further malnutrition, promote nutritional status, to ensure they receive adequate nutrition needs and promote recovery from surgery. The use of multidisciplinary team approach to hasten nutrition care was started in November 2013. Nutrition screening was implemented in all surgical wards.

Objectives
Objectives 1. To ensure patients receive appropriate nutrition to prevent further malnutrition, maintain optimal nutrition status and promote recovery through multidisciplinary approach. 2. To promote implementation of nutrition policy.

Methodology
Implementation -Adopt Malnutrition Screening Tool (MST) “Nutrition Screening Form” for all admit/transfer in cases in all surgical wards. -Refer Dietitian if MST scoring 2 or above -Audit on Nutrition Care Process was performed in Surgery Department

Result
Result -According to monthly statistics of surgical admit/transfer in cases for nutrition screening, ~6-8% of total screened patient with MST scoring 2 or above. -According to audit report, total 145 samples collected, the overall compliance on Nutrition Screening in Surgery Department is >95%. Conclusion Nutrition screening is important to enhance the early identification of patients at risk and establish a nutrition care process with multidisciplinary approach. Hence, patients could receive appropriate nutrition care.