EVALUATION OF SKIN-TO-SKIN CONTACT IN NEONATAL WARD FROM PARENTS' AND NURSES' PERSPECTIVES



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Skin-to-skin contact (SSC)

- Developed by Rey and Martinez (1983) in Columbia as an alternative to incubator care (WHO, 2003)
- Initially defined as: "The care of preterm infants carried skin-to-skin with the mother." (WHO, 2003)





Benefits on **Babies**

Physiological

- Cardio-respiratory stability (Aucott et al., 2002)
- Understand Structure
 Understand Structure
 Use the stru
- Maintain stable body temperature (Ludington-Hoe et al., 2006)

Psychological

- \bigvee Cry (Ludington-Hoe etal., 2008)
- Longer quiet sleep periods (Ludington-Hoe etal., 2008)

Bonding

Parental-infant bonding (Wang YH, Kuo HH, 2006)



Benefits on Parents

Psychological



- Separation-dependent stress (Feldman R, Eidelman Al, Sirota L, etal., 2002)
- Confidence in parenting skill (Charpak et al., 2005)

Bonding

Parental-infant bonding (Wang YH, Kuo HH, 2006)

Breastfeeding

Mother's breast milk volume &
 Improved success with breastfeeding (Mohrbacher & Stock, 2011)

Feasibility?

Is it feasible to apply in an acute hospital – a crowded neonatal ward without rooming-in service?



On trial SSC program

SSC program in neonatal ward Evaluate







To evaluate the concerns of parents & nurses after SSC Identify areas for improvement

How to apply SSC in an acute hospital neonatal ward

Plan
Do
Check
Act







Set up workgroup on skin to skin care

- Review literature
- Set up a plan for implementation
 - Develop SSC guidelines
 - Preparation of environment
 - Staff and parental education
 - Set a roadmap for implementation

Work schedule

	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr
	2012	2012	2012	2013	2013	2013	2013
Workgp meeting							
Review literature							
Design guidelines							
Develop parents'							
edu materials							
Perform SSC							
program							
Parents'							
questionnaires							
Staff survey							
Data analysis							

Do

Parental EducationNotice BoardSSC leaflet







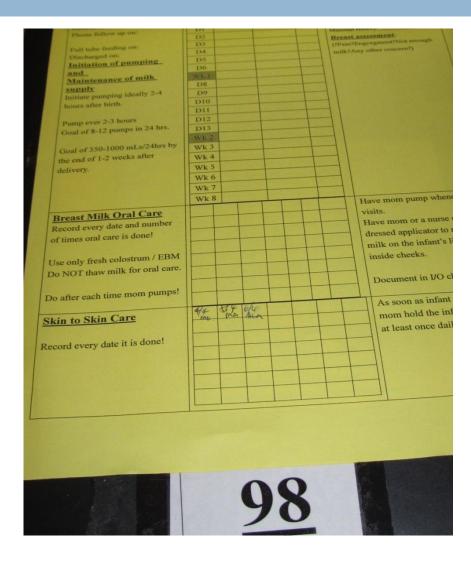
Do



Staff Education

- Guidelines on SSC
- Briefing session for nurses
- SSC at least 1 hr by parents
- On trial period for one month
 - Collect feedback
 - Anticipate problems and evaluate
- Develop a record sheet for documentation and data collection

Record and documentation







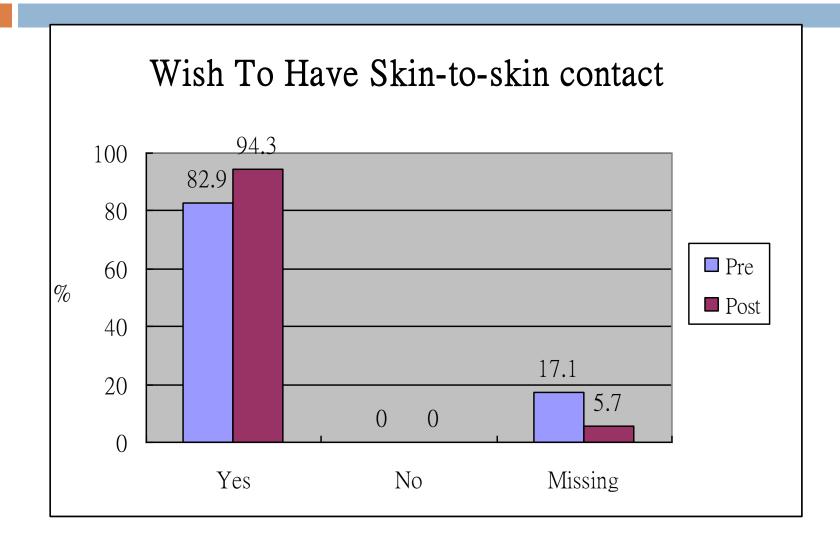
Parental survey performed

- Pre and post study questionnaires were designed
- Collect feedback
- Study parental satisfaction
- Staff survey performed six weeks after full implementation
 - Collect feedback for improvement

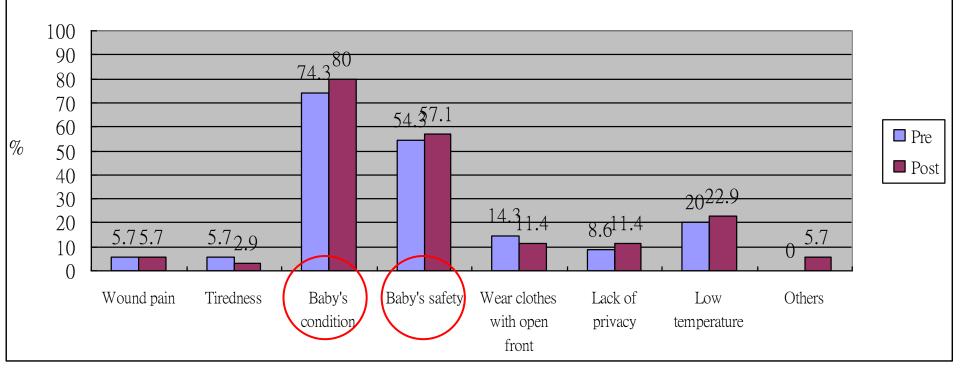
Total 35 parents completed questionnaires

- \Box 13 of them are father (37.1%)
- □ This is the first child (85.7%)





Items of Concern During Skin-to-skin contact



- 100% reported enhance the parental-infant bonding
- All parents agreed SSC was an enjoyable experience
- \uparrow confidence in caring babies

(47.1% to 91.5% after SSC)

Fathers are willing to perform than mothers

Findings - Nurses' perspective

- 33 nurses completed the questionnaires
- 90.9% nurses understood the purpose of SSC
- 81.8% nurses acknowledged that SSC benefited to prematurity babies
- 78.1% nurses reported SSC was worthwhile
- 27.3% nurses reflected that there were not enough resources to support SSC





- Purchase more comfortable arm chairs and footstool
- Replace bed side curtain by ceiling mount curtain
- Extend visiting hours to facilitate SSC
- Enhance clinical observation at bedside
- Organize sharing sessions for staff and parents



Conclusion

- The best incubator is parent's chest
- SSC is an evidence-based practice and had positive impact on parents and babies
- Every neonatal unit should promote SSC for the benefits of both parents and the babies
- Parents and nurses are satisfied with the SSC



Thank You



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